June 2025 Corporate Presentation

Positioned for Success in Light Oil through drilling in the Deep Basin

TSX-V: TUK www.tukturesources.com

Tuktu Resources Ltd.

Overview



Capitalization

Enterprise Value	(C\$mm)	-
Adj. Working Capital ^(2,3)	(C\$mm)	\$ 3.87
Market Cap	(C\$mm)	\$21.24
Dilutives Outstanding ⁽²⁾	(mm)	198.1
Basic Shares Outstanding ⁽²⁾	(mm)	265.5
Share Price ⁽¹⁾	(C\$/Sh)	\$ 0.08



Q1 2025 operating netback ⁽⁵⁾ of \$0.8 MM, providing a solid base for future opportunities



~100 predominantly unbooked⁽⁵⁾, highpotential locations across its asset base (three light oil plays, one conventional natural gas play)

Investment Highlights



Total Q1/25 production of 705 BOE/d ⁽⁴⁾, 51% light oil, 49% natural gas

Single vertical well production of 66 Mbbl in 172 days suggests a high-permeability reservoir which may extend over 52 sections (~42 ⁽⁶⁾gross sections controlled by Tuktu)



Expansive land holdings (as of April 30th, 2025) with ~**137 gross sections (~126 net sections),** offering significant development potential

1) Share Price as at May 22,2025

- 2) As at March 31, 2025. See March 31, 2025 MD&A dated May 21, 2025
- 3) See "Advisories "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Ratios".
- 4) BOE/d refers to the Company's working interest share in gross production.
- 5) See "Advisories Drilling Locations".
- Of the 42 gross sections referenced, Tuktu acquired ~32 sections through past acquisitions and via earning in the farm-in agreement announced by the Company on July 17, 2024 (the "Farm-In Arrangement"); the remaining ~10 sections are unearned lands available for Tuktu pursuant to the Farm-In Arrangement.

Tuktu P

Board of Directors

Management

Kathleen Dixon Chair	Former Director, BMO Capital Markets in the Acquisitions and Divestitures Group.	Tim De Freitas President, CEO & Director	25+ experience, CEO, management, technical and COO rolls in numerous public and private oil and gas companies (Talisman, Nexen, Exxon, Pieridae, Ikkuma, Amarok, Manitok, Trilateral, and others) in and outside Alberta
Bob Dales Director	Funder/co-founder of Kelt Exploration Ltd., Celtic Exploration Ltd., Peyto Exploration and Development Corp., Amarok Energy Inc., and Manitok.	Mark Smith VP, Finance & CFO	Chartered Professional Accountant with 20+ years experience in oil and gas companies (Breaker Energy, Wildcat Royalty, Caledonian Midstream)
	Chairman of Ikkuma Resources Corp.	Greg Feltham	20+ years experience of exploration and development. Experience with structural, conventional and resource plays domestically and international. Prior experience in Manitok Energy, Ikkuma Resources, and Pieridae
William Guinan from 1982 until 2021.	Lawyer at Borden Ladner Gervais LLP from 1982 until 2021. Director and corporate secretary for numerous	VP, Exploration	
		Sumir Saini VP, Land & Business	20+ years experience, in land & business development; management and executive rolls in Empire Oil Corp., Mount Bastion Oil & Gas, and
Natalie Sweet Director	25 years of exploration and development, including Penn West	Development	Bellatrix Exploration; Involved in >\$1 billion in M&A transactions.
	Exploration Ltd., Apache Canada Ltd. and Mount Bastion Oil and Gas Corp.	Kent Busby VP, Production	30+ years experience construction and oilfield operations, including the management of >200 field employees. Senior positions in Pieridae, Manitok, and Ikkuma.

Driving Competitive Advantage with Innovation and Expertise



Innovation: Accomplished Team and Board that has a record of finding and developing plays which have fallen out of favor with many other producers

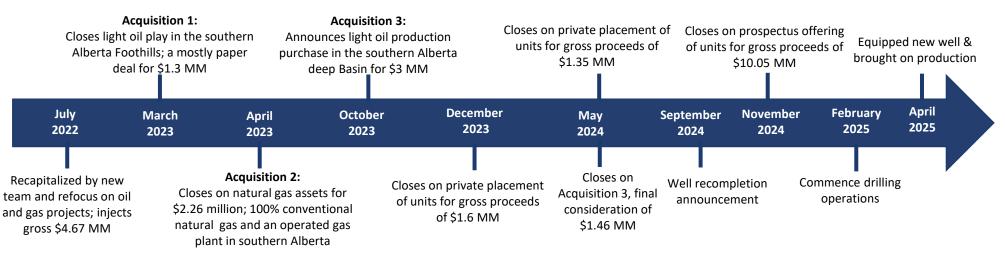
New Pools at a Low Cost: We operate in regions that have been less active, leveraging lower competition and reduced costs, resulting in favorable acquisition metrics

Proven Success since Recapitalization: All the below has been accomplished since Tuktu's recapitalization transaction in July 2022

Advanced Technical Expertise: Leveraging complex foothills drilling technologies to tap into structured Deep Basin plays, allowing Tuktu to operate in plays that are a natural fit for the team's unique skill set

A Focus on Conventional Reservoirs: These have greater natural permeability and effective porosity that generally exceed those of unconventional reservoirs; less fracture stimulation and less costly to exploit

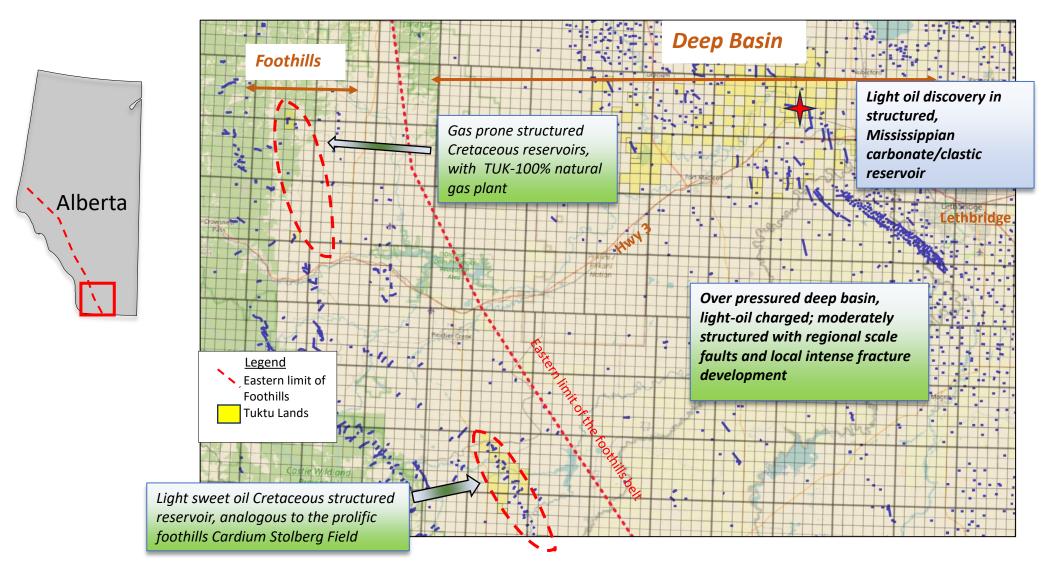
Company History and Key Milestones



Assets positioned across 4 repeatable plays with 100+ Locations



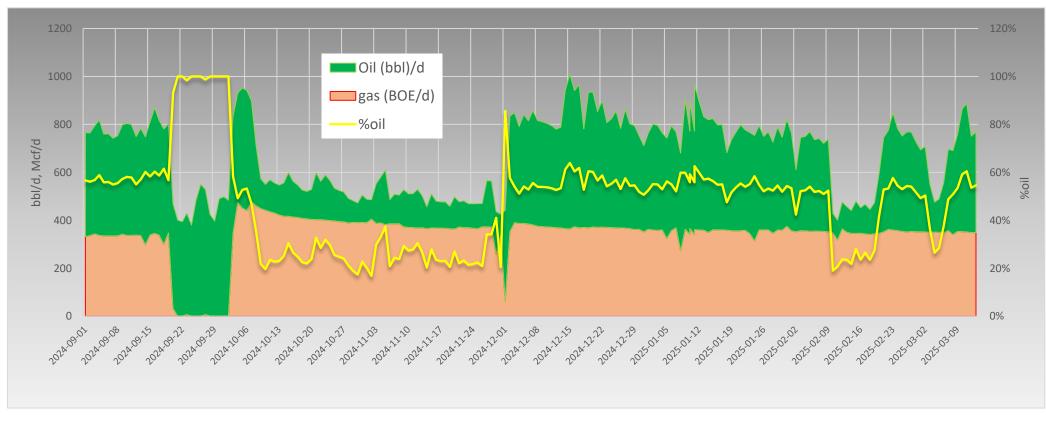
Tuktu owns ~<u>137 gross sections (126 net sections),</u> mostly in light oil-prone reservoirs in the deep basin



- Low decline sweet gas production, mostly through a 100% owned and operated sweet gas plant
- Approximately 51% light oil production, with a future capital focus on liquids production in the deep basin and structured assets in the western part of Tuktu's operational area.

Daily Corporate Net Production⁽¹⁾

(September 2024 to March 29 2025)

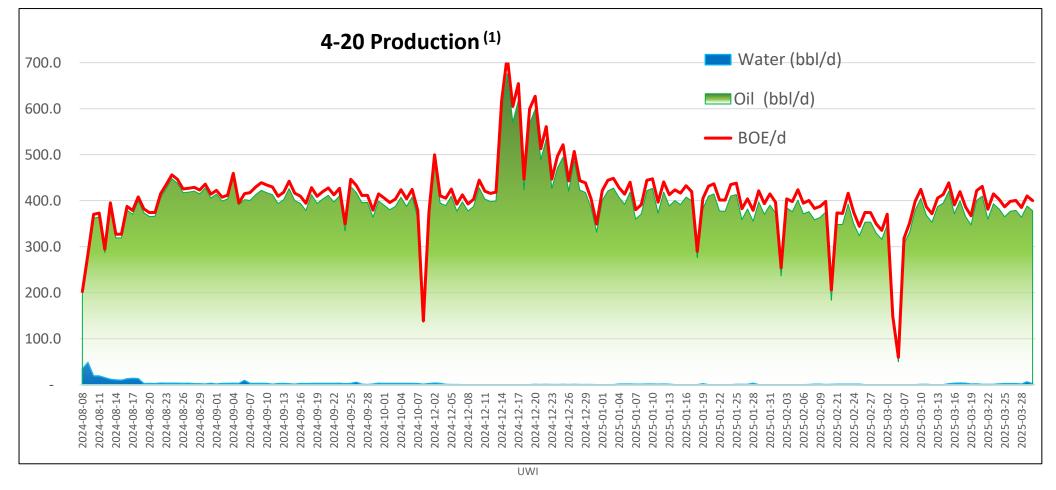


(1) Variation in daily oil production is related to obligatory or operational shut-ins of the vertical well in the new middle Banff oil pool.

Tuktu's Deep Basin Oil Discovery – Penny Upper Banff



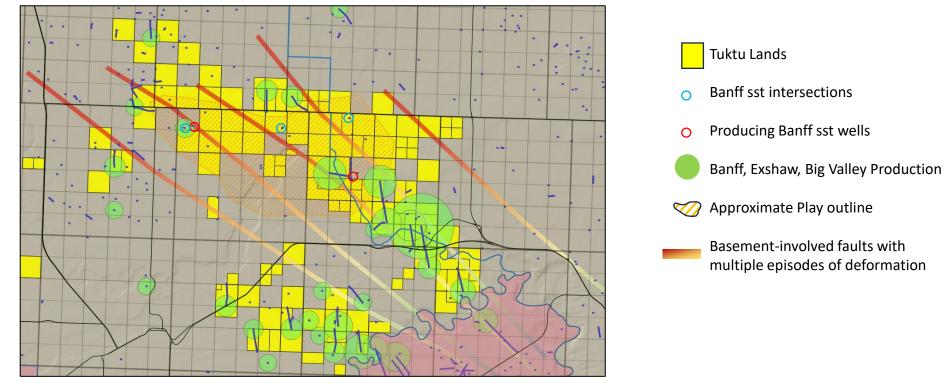
- In June 2024, Tuktu stimulated a vertical well bore (25-ton slick water frac)
- Well on production for 172 days (5.7 months), averaging **386** bbl/d of oil. (**66 Mbbl produced over 172 days**)
- Gas is approximately 6% on a BOE basis; water production continues to be less than 1%.
- Low decline and high volume implies a high permeable reservoir. Possible fracture permeability is related to regional fault sets which have been identified on 2D seismic profiles



1) Calendar days are shown; periodic well shut in related to nearby drilling, stimulation and regulatory requirements are not shown; well appears to be pump constrained

Penny Upper Banff – Play Summary

- The area was originally drilled for the lower Banff and Big Valley zones, bypassing the Upper Banff
- Based on 6 well intersections, Tuktu estimates an exploitable pool size of about 52 sections
- Currently Tuktu holds or has a farm-in option on ~42⁽²⁾ sections within the pool, on which we estimate at least 70 drilling locations ⁽¹⁾
- Future drilling plans include the drilling of a horizontal well offsetting the discovery well



Exact land position held for competitive purposes

Pool Size: 52 sections

Tuktu Land Position: ~42 sections⁽³⁾

Estimated well locations: 70+ (1)

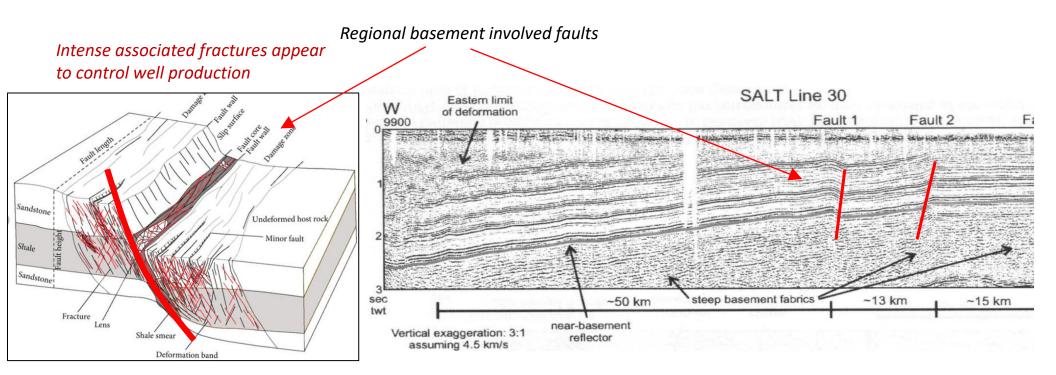
- (1) Please see "Advisories Oil and Gas Advisories Drilling Locations"
- 2) Of the 70+ locations referenced on this slide, at least 6 locations are booked and the remainder are unbooked. For more information, please refer to "Advisories Oil and Gas Advisories Drilling Locations" and disclosure in respect of the Acquisition 3 Reserves Report.



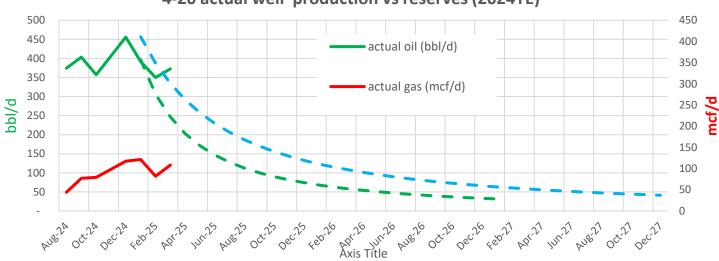
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Current observations of the new play

- 1. Best-in-class, vertical well, producing from a reservoir with exceptional permeability, but with limited porosity
- 2. Natural fracture sets akin to foothills type drilling likely to be controlling factors in well production capability
- 3. Critical fracture distributed to within 1.5 km of regional faults
- 4. Geosteering along fault sets involves similar technologies and skills as applied to foothills reservoirs
- 5. Widespread Banff reservoir, exploitable with unconventional completions technologies (cf. HZ well 1)



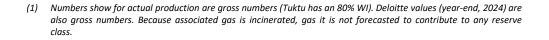


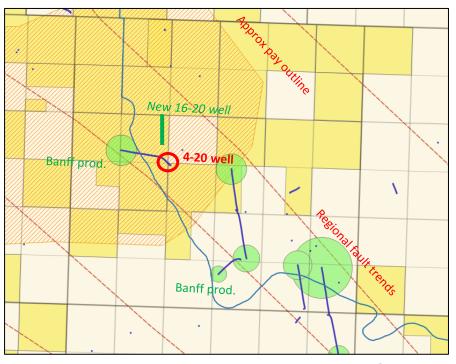


4-20 actual well production vs reserves (2024YE)

4-20 well

- Current production continues to outperform 2P corporate reserves ⁽¹⁾
- Vertical well location is approximately 800 m from an existing, seismically identified fault which is believed to be responsible for prolific rates and minimal decline



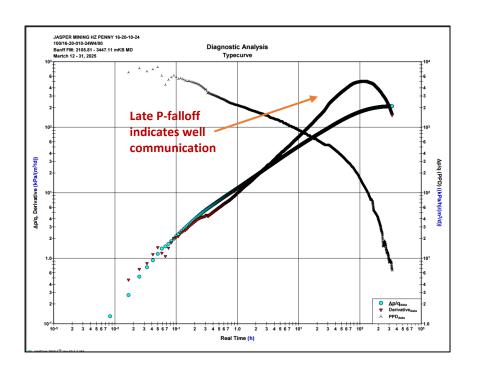


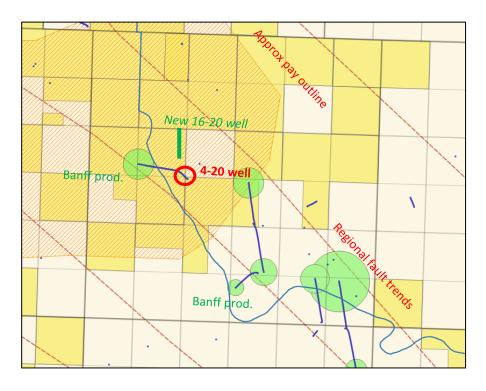
Current HZ well data



16-20 HZ well

- HZ was drilled and stayed within zone for approximately 60% of the lateral; reservoir appears to not as well developed as in the vertical, although open hole logs were not gathered to confirm this.
- Ongoing emulsion issues in the lateral, which formed due to chemical reaction of oil, frac fluids, and perhaps also rock composition. A surfactant pump-from-surface has been effective at restarting pump; 4 of 20 fracs contributing, based on tracer data in late May, 2025
- 16-20 and 4-20 well are in communication (see derivative plot), though there does not appear to be significant changes in production or pressure on either of the wells
- Initial, third party estimated Inflow Performance Relationship ("IPR"), which is an estimate of initial production at a given bottom hole pressure, was said to be 75 m3/d (total fluid), but the well has not performed to this level.
- Approximately 30% of load fluid recovered to May 1, 2025)
- Gathering pressure and other data and determining next steps (continued chemical work from surface, or a full wellbore cleanout)
- Gathering further 2D seismic data, because reprocessed line shows potentially an anomaly tied to reservoir occurrence



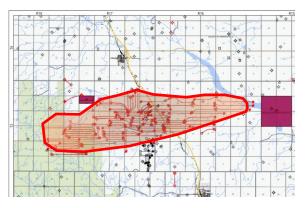


Banff Reservoir: A comparison with Tuktu's Play 1



The Tuktu deep basin play is the only reservoir of the next 3 examples that has significant fracturerelated permeability enhancement and overpressure (pressure gradient ~14.0 kpa/m)

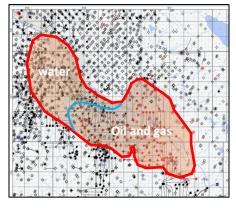
Ferguson



44 sections (27,923 acres; 11,300 ha) 9.5 millions Bbls ⁽¹⁾

Fully Developed Field		
Porosity	9%	
Original ~ GOR	2,800 cf/bbl	
Initial Pressure	10,200 kpa	
Average Depth	1290m	
Thickness	12m	
Pressure Gradient	7.8 kpa/m	
API	27.2 API	
Recovered to date ⁽¹⁾	9.5 million Bbls	

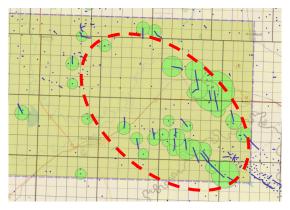
Cessford



53 sections (33,606 acres; 13,600 ha) 7.5 Million Bbls ⁽¹⁾

Fully Developed Field		
Porosity	8.5%	
Original ~ GOR	n/a	
Initial Pressure	6,600 kpa	
Average Depth	1,350 m	
Thickness	4.2 m	
Pressure Gradient	7 kpa/m	
API	28 API	
Recovered to date ⁽¹⁾	7.5 million Bbls	

Tuktu, deep basin



52 sections⁽²⁾ (33,112 acres; 13,400 ha)

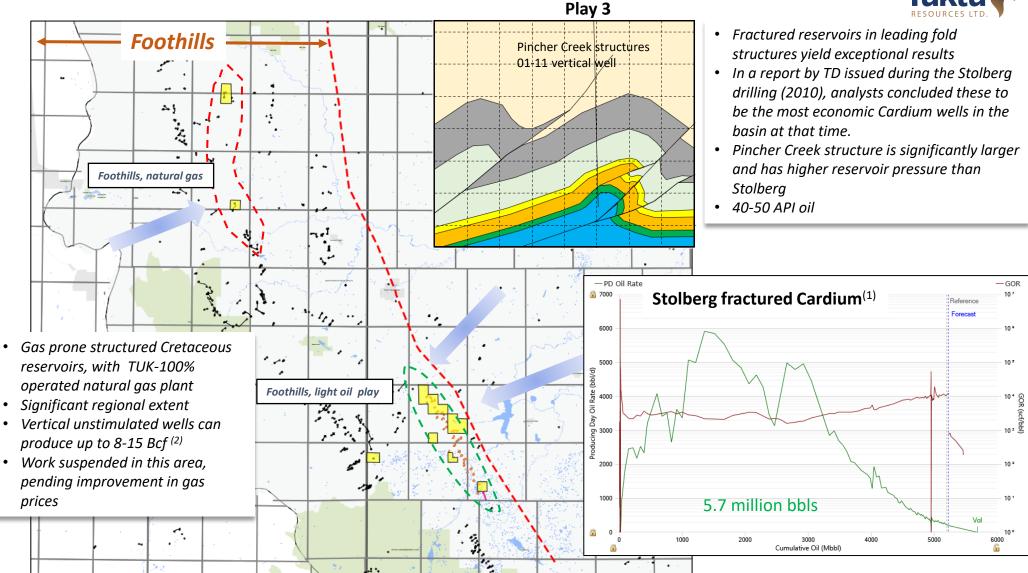
Undeveloped, Mostly Tuktu		
Porosity	9%	
Original ~ GOR	n/a	
Anticipated Initial Pressure	28,300 kpa ⁽³⁾	
Average Depth	2,005 m	
Thickness	5 m	
Pressure Gradient	14 kpa/m ⁽³⁾	
API	31-33 API	
Recoverable Barrel	TBD	

(1) All log and cumulative production data is from GeoScout.

(2) The Penny Banff has very few well intersections and only one producing well; there is much greater uncertainty on these values as compared to the numbers for Cessford and Ferguson fields. Also, the later fields are partly under waterflood.

(3) Based on drilling data.

Other fairways within Tuktu's portfolio: Plays 3 and 4



(1) Oil production forward projections are mathematical fits of current and historic production and declined to an acceptable minimum production level; these numbers should not be interpreted as reserves of such fields and they are estimates only.

(2) The range of 8 to 15 Bcf, is based on TPP reserves as listed in the Deloitte Report (as defined herein). For more information about the Deloitte Report, please refer to "Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories – Drilling Locations".



Anticipated use of proceeds from recent financing & income



Q1, 2025

- spud vertical HZ
- Approximate cost of \$5.5 million to drill, complete and equip

Q2-Q3, 2025

1-2 well workovers/recompletions

Q3-Q4, 2025

Pending Board Approval and budgetary constraints, execute one new well

2025 +

- Intermittent drilling program targeting regional resource play and sweet spots (fracture fairways) in the upper Banff Play
- Continue to exploit lower Banff A and B and Big Valley reservoirs along known faulted fairways (some lower Banff wells are anticipated to exceed 500 Mbbl of production
- Gas flood lower Banff play with upper Banff associated gas, for enhanced recovery (this scheme is in approval process with regulators)





- Proven management team with history of exploiting new light oil play opportunities and growing production.
- Significant exposure to exciting new oil discovery, within a small cap O&G public company
- Other zones within the land holdings have similar potential related to reservoir distribution and permeability fairways related to regional faults sets
- > Near term HZ drilling, offsetting one of the best vertical wells in the basin
- > With success, likely to attract larger suitors looking to capitalize on Tuktu's success



Background: About Tuktu Resources Ltd.



Experienced Management Team	 Industry leading technical and operational team with direct experience owning and developing profitable assets. Team has successfully executed a junior growth model twice previously at Manitok Energy Corp. ("Manitok") and Ikkuma Resources Corp. ("Ikkuma"). Team is ideally positioned to operate Foothills and Deep Basin assets to drive long-term shareholder value.
Foothills & Deep Basin Consolidation Opportunity	 Attractively priced consolidation opportunities exist within the Alberta Foothills and Deep Basin with considerable free cash flow and resource upside. Due to the exodus into unconventional plays, previous operators have left underexploited reservoirs and under-utilized infrastructure providing an advantage and cost savings for a junior growth company. Parts of the southern Alberta Deep Basin with a high structural component amenable to exploitation skills developed in the foothills. The lack of recent development drilling has left Foothills facilities and pipelines underfilled. Operators have plenty of processing capacity and egress for new gas.
Clean Corporate Entity, Attractive Foothills Oil-Prone Acreage	 Meaningful investment from insiders Minimal asset retirement obligations Pro forma, the Company has identified ~100 unbooked drilling locations ⁽¹⁾ across four independent play types ⁽²⁾ on the acquired land base.

(1) See "Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories – Drilling Locations".

(2) See "Advisories – Oil and Gas Advisories – Analogous Information".

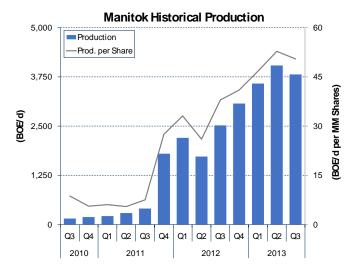
Background: Track Record of Success of Tuktu Team Members





July 2010 to Oct. 2013

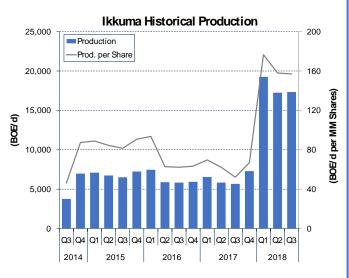
- Went public via an amalgamation with private company, previously having raised \$18MM in equity via private placements since being founded in 2005, with Mr. de Freitas serving as VP, Exploration and COO.
- Completed a number of acquisitions and undertook meaningful exploration and development activities within the Central and Southern Alberta Foothills.
- Manitok was focused on both heavy oil, and Foothills natural gas, in many of the same areas where the Tuktu team is currently targeting M&A.





May 2014 to Dec. 2018

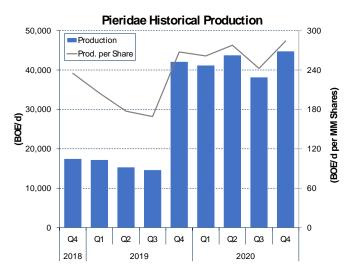
- Went public via a reverse take-over of a public company, with a concurrent \$20MM private placement, and a rights offering to existing public company shareholders.
- Ikkuma subsequently undertook a successful \$120MM asset acquisition in the Foothills region funded with a \$130MM bought equity deal.
- The team would complete a number of additional acquisitions and equity raises, until Ikkuma was ultimately sold to Pieridae in December 2018 (~300% premium to VWAP). The team additionally negotiated a spin out transaction as part of the sale, driving incremental value for all shareholders.





Dec. 2018 to Jan. 2021

- Mr. de Freitas, in addition to other members of the Tuktu team, joined Pieridae at the closing of the Ikkuma transaction and remained with the company as it undertook the transformational Shell Foothills acquisition in 2019.
- The Foothills transaction closed in late-2019, adding ~28,000 BOE/d in the Alberta Foothills, in addition to a number of facilities, for a total purchase price of \$190MM. The Tuktu team was integral throughout the acquisition and subsequent integration.





FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION ADVISORIES

Certain information contained in the press release may constitute forward-looking statements and information (collectively. "forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation that involve known and unknown risks, assumptions, uncertainties and other factors. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words like "anticipates", "estimates", "estimates", "indicates", "intends", "may", "could", "would", "plans", "target", "scheduled", "projects", "outlook", "proposed", "potential", "will", "seek" and similar expressions (including variations and negatives thereof). Forward-looking statements in this document include statements regarding, among other things: Tuktu's business, strategy, objectives, strengths and focus; the Company's drilling and development program, including its next drilling location and timing of same; the performance and other characteristics of the Company's properties, including the Company's recently drilled southern Alberta Deep Basin horizontal well: expectations regarding decline rates; expectations regarding the Company's seismic reprocessing project; management's expectations regarding reservoir characteristics and recovery factors and interpretation of its 2D seismic data, including localized areas of enhanced permeability and recoverable reserves; and expected results from its assets. Such statements reflect the current views of management of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Statements relating to production, reserves, recovery, replacement, costs and valuation are also deemed to be forward-looking statements, as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions, that the reserves described exist in the quantities predicted or estimated and that the reserves can be profitably produced in the future. With respect to forward-looking statements contained in this document, the Company has made assumptions regarding, among other things: the timing and success of future drilling; future commodity prices, price volatility, price differentials and the actual prices received for Tuktu's products; fairway characteristics; future exchange and interest rates; supply of and demand for commodities; inflation; the availability of capital on satisfactory terms; the availability and price of labour and materials: the impact of increasing competition; conditions in general economic and financial markets; access to capital; the receipt and timing of regulatory, exchange and other required approvals; the ability of the Company to implement its business strategies and complete future acquisitions; the Company's long term business strategy; and effects of regulation by governmental agencies. Factors that could cause actual results to vary from forwardlooking statements or may affect the operations, performance, development and results of the Company's businesses include, among other things: risks inherent in the Company's future operations; the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to meet its future obligations; increases in maintenance, operating or financing costs; the realization of the anticipated benefits of future acquisitions, if any: the availability and price of labour, equipment and materials; competitive factors, including competition from third parties in the areas in which the Company intends to operate, pricing pressures and supply and demand in the oil and gas industry; stock market and financial system volatility; fluctuations in currency and interest rates; inflation; risks of war, hostilities, civil insurrection, pandemics, political and economic instability overseas and its effect on commodity pricing and the oil and gas industry (including ongoing military actions between Russia and Ukraine and the crisis in Israel and Gaza); determinations by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other countries (collectively referred to as OPEC+) regarding production levels and the risk of an extended period of low oil and natural gas prices; the imposition or expansion of tariffs imposed by domestic and foreign governments or the imposition of other restrictive trade measures, retaliatory or countermeasures implemented by such governments, including the introduction of regulatory barriers to trade and the potential effect on the demand and/or market price for the Company's products and/or otherwise adversely affects the Company; risks with respect to unplanned pipeline outages; severe weather conditions and risks related to climate change, such as fire, drought and flooding and extreme hot or cold temperatures, including in respect of safety, asset integrity and shutting-in production; terrorist threats; risks associated with technology; changes in laws and regulations, including environmental, regulatory and taxation laws, and the interpretation of such changes to the management team's future business; availability of adequate levels of insurance; difficulty in obtaining necessary regulatory approvals and the maintenance of such approvals; general economic and business conditions and markets; and such other similar risks and uncertainties. The impact of any one assumption, risk, uncertainty or other factor on a forward-looking statement cannot be determined with certainty, as these are interdependent and the Company's future course of action depends on the assessment of all information available at the relevant time. For additional risk factors relating to Tuktu, please refer to the Company's annual information form for the year ended December 31, 2024, and its most recent MD&A, which are available on the Company's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

FORWARD LOOKING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This document contains future-oriented financial information and financial outlook information (collectively, **"FOFI"**) about the development plan, anticipated capital expenditures in 2025, anticipated 2025 operating netback, and prospective operational and financial results of the Company's assets, all of which are subject to the same assumptions, risk factors, limitations, and qualifications as set forth in the above paragraphs. FOFI contained in this document was approved by management as of the date of this document and was provided for the purpose of providing further information about the Company's future business operations, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any FOFI contained in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required pursuant to applicable securities laws. Readers are cautioned that the FOFI contained in this document should not be used for purposes other than for which it is disclosed herein.

NON-GAAP AND OTHER FINANCIAL MEASURES

This document uses various specified financial measures (as such terms are defined in National Instrument 52-112 – *Non-GAAP Disclosure and Other Financial Measures Disclosure* ("**NI 51-112**")) including "non-GAAP financial measures", "non-GAAP ratios" and "supplementary financial measures" (as such terms are defined in NI 51-112), which are described in further detail below. Management believes that the presentation of these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to investors and shareholders as the measures provide increased transparency and the ability to better analyze performance against prior periods on a comparable basis. These non-GAAP and other financial measures are not standardized financial measures under IFRS and might not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies where similar terminology is used. Investors are cautioned that these measures should not be construed as alternatives to or more meaningful than the most directly comparable IFRS measures are indicators of the Company's performance.

• Operating Netback , non-GAAP financial measure

Management feels operating netback is a key industry benchmark and measure of operating performance of the Company that assists management and investors in assessing the Company's profitability and is commonly used by other petroleum and natural gas producers. Operating netback is calculated as petroleum and natural gas revenue less royalties, transportation and operating expenses.

• Enterprise Value, non-GAAP financial measure

The Company uses "enterprise value" as a key performance indicator. Enterprise value is calculated by adding the Company's market capitalization and market value of the Company's outstanding debt, less any cash or cash equivalents.

Adjusted working capital

Adjusted working capital is calculated by taking working capital (current assets less current liabilities) and adding back the warrant liability and current portion of decommissioning obligations. Management believes that adjusted working capital assists management and investors in assessing Tuktu's short-term liquidity.



OIL AND GAS ADVISORIES

RESERVES INFORMATION: All reserves information are from the Corporation's 2024 year end reserve report prepared by Deloitte LLP. Values therein were based on the average price and market forecasts of Deloitte LLP as of January 1, 2025. The recovery and reserve estimates of the crude oil, natural gas liquids and natural gas reserves provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Actual crude oil, natural gas and natural gas and natural gas and natural gas provided herein.

This document contains estimates of the NPV of the Company's future net revenue from reserves associated with the Company's assets (including assets acquired pursuant to recent acquisitions), as applicable. Such amounts do not represent the fair market value of such reserves. The recovery and reserve estimates provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. The NPV of the respective assets' base production is a snapshot in time and is based on the reserves evaluated using the applicable pricing assumptions described above. The NPV is calculated using a discount rate of 10%, on a before tax basis and is the sum of the present value of proved plus probable developed producing reserves based on the applicable pricing assumptions. It should not be assumed that the undiscounted or discounted NPV of future net revenue attributable to the respective assets represents the fair market value of those assets. The estimates for reserves for individual properties may not reflect the same confidence level as estimates of reserves for all properties due to the effects of aggregation. The recovery and reserve estimates of crude oil, NGL and natural gas reserves are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Actual reserves may be greater than or less than the estimates relied upon for NPV calculations, herein.

BOE ADVISORY: The term "BOE" or barrels of oil equivalent may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A BOE conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil equivalent (6 Mcf: 1 bbl) is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Additionally, given that the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil, as compared to natural gas, is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6:1; utilizing a conversion ratio of 6:1 may be misleading as an indication of value.

INITIAL PRODUCTION RATES: References in this document to IP, IP30 or IP60 rates, other short-term production rates or initial performance measures relating to new wells are useful in confirming the presence of hydrocarbons; however, such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells will commence production and decline thereafter and are not indicative of long-term performance or of ultimate recovery. All IP rates presented herein represent the results from wells after all "load" fluids (used in well completion stimulation) have been recovered. While encouraging, readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production for the Company. Accordingly, the Company cautions that the test results should be considered to be preliminary.

DRILLING LOCATIONS: This document discloses drilling locations in two categories: (i) booked locations; and (ii) unbooked locations. Booked locations identified in this document reflect drilling locations that have associated proved and/or probable undeveloped reserves, as applicable, and were derived from the evaluation prepared by Deloitte Canada LLP ("Deloitte") dated effective December 31, 2024, with a preparation date of March 24, 2025(the "Deloitte Report"), evaluating substantially all of Tuktu's assets. Of the total approximately 100 drilling locations identified herein across the Company's asset base, at least 70 locations were identified within the Pennf Upper Banff subject to the Farm-In Arrangement (of which at least 6 locations are booked, probable locations and the remainder are unbooked locations) and at least 30 locations were identified within the Company's properties (of which at least 1 location is a booked, probable location and the remainder are unbooked locations). The Deloitte Report was prepared in accordance with NI 51-101 and COGEH. Unbooked drilling locations are the internal estimates of Tuktu based on the prospective acreage of the Tuktu assets (including recently acquired assets), and an assumption as to the number of wells that can be drilled per section based on industry practice and internal review. Unbooked locations do not have attributed reserves or resources (including contingent and prospective). Unbooked locations have been identified by Tuktu's management as an estimation of Tuktu's multi-year drilling locations will result in additional oil and natural gas reserves, resources or production. The drilling locations on which Tuktu will actually drill unbooked drilling locations are farther away from existing wells, not exercise information that is obtained and other factors. While a certain number of the unbooked drilling locations are farther away from existing wells, where subsurface information is scarce and thus such locations will not necessarily result in the addition

ANALOGOUS INFORMATION & TYPE CURVES: Certain information in this document may constitute "analogous information" as defined in NI 51-101, with respect to Tuktu's assets including, but not limited to, information relating to well locations that are in geographical proximity to or believed to be on-trend with other drilling locations acquired by the Company. This analogous information is derived from publicly available information sources which the Company believes are predominantly independent in nature. Some of this data may not have been prepared by qualified reserves evaluators or auditors and the preparation of any estimates may not be in strict accordance with COGEH. There is no certainty that the results of the analogous information or inferred thereby will be achieved by the Company and such information should not be construed as an estimate of future production levels or the actual characteristics and quality of the Company's assets. Certain type curves disclosure presented herein represents volumes expected to be recovered from wells. The type curves represent what management thinks an average well will achieve, based on methodology that is analogous to wells with similar geological features. Individual wells may be higher or lower but over a larger number of wells, management expects the average to come out to the type curves can and will change based on achieving more production history on older wells or more recent completion information on newer wells. The reader is cautioned that the data relied upon by the Company may be in error and/or may not be analogous to the Company's land holdings.

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Advisories



PRICING ASSUMPTIONS

\$CDN/bbl	\$CDN/mcf	YEAR
91.07	2.23	2025
88.30	2.34	2026
86.70	2.44	2027
85.61	2.53	2028
85.95	2.60	2029
87.68	2.67	2030

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ABBREVIATIONS

Terms and abbreviations that are used in this document that are not otherwise defined herein are provided below:

API – American Petroleum InstituteMbodbbl(s) - barrel(s)MMbbls/d - barrels per dayMMbBcf – billion cubic feetMcf -boe - barrels of oil equivalent (6 Mcf = 1 bbl)NPV-boe/d – barrels of oil equivalent per dayNPV1CAPEX – capital expendituresNGL -IP30 - initial production over the first 30-days on streamPDP -kpa - kilopascalTPP -Mbbl - thousand barrels of oilTPP -

Mboe – million barrels of oil equivalent *MM* - millions *MMbbl* - million barrels of oil *Mcf* - thousand cubic feet *NPV* - net present value *NPV10* - net present value using a 10% discount rate *NGL* - natural gas liquids as defined in NI 51-101 *PDP* - proved developed producing *TPP* - total proved plus probable